

# Colorado Crime Trends

## 2025 Midyear Report (January to June)



**DESCRIPTION:** Midyear summary of publicly available Colorado crime data submitted to the Colorado Bureau of Investigation (CBI) by law enforcement agencies and published on [Colorado Crime Statistics](#). All data are accurate at the time of extraction (December 31, 2025) and may differ from local jurisdictions' reports due to data submission delays or different extraction dates. Crime trends are useful for monitoring crime prevention and reduction strategies, identifying areas for intervention, and increasing awareness of patterns in crime. For questions, comments, or requests, please submit an [ORS Request Form](#).

## Summary

### Violent Crimes

- The violent crime rate **decreased by 13.3%**, representing **over 2,000 fewer violent crimes**, when compared to 2024 during the same timeframe. This decrease is heavily influenced by the **decrease in robberies (-25.7%)** and **aggravated assaults (-11.7%)** (Tables 1 & 2).
- The homicide rate **decreased by 29.5%**, representing **42 fewer deaths** (Tables 1 & 2).
- There has been a **decrease in violent crimes of more than 10%** in a number of large jurisdictions, including Aurora, Greeley, and Denver (Table 3).

### Property Crimes

- The property crime rate **decreased by 17.5%**, representing **over 13,000 fewer property crimes**, when compared to 2024 during the same timeframe. This decrease is heavily influenced by the **decrease in motor vehicle thefts (MVT) (-34.5%)** and **burglaries (-16.1%)** (Tables 1 & 2).
- The MVT rate **decreased by 34.5%**, representing **over 5,000 fewer vehicles stolen** (Tables 1 & 2).
- There has been a **decrease in property crimes of more than 10%** in a number of large jurisdictions, including Aurora, Thornton, Lakewood, and Colorado Springs (Table 4).

## Colorado Governor's Wildly Important Goals

In an effort to make Colorado a Top 10 Safest State in the country, the Crime Prevention Working Group was established and aimed to decrease the aggravated assault rate by 5.4% by June 30, 2025. The aggravated assault rate has been steadily decreasing over the past year, with an **average decrease of 7.2%** from July 2024 to June 2025 (Fiscal Year (FY) 2024 to 2025).

The working group also aimed to decrease the MVT rate by 25.1% by June 30, 2025. The MVT rate has also been steadily decreasing over the past year, with an **average decrease of 16.7%** in FY 2024 to 2025.

These decreases were in line with the respective goals. For more information on the progress of these crime prevention goals, as well as other statewide priorities in Colorado, visit the [Colorado Governor's Dashboard](#).

## Crime Data: Violent & Property Crimes

Table 1. Colorado Violent & Property Crime Rate per 100K and Percent Change (January to June, 2024 and 2025)

Crime Type	2024	2025	Percent Change
<b>Violent Crime</b>	<b>255.6</b>	<b>221.6</b>	<b>-13.3%</b>
Homicide	2.4	1.7	-29.5%
Rape	52.1	46.5	-10.7%
Robbery	30.7	22.8	-25.7%
Aggravated Assault	170.5	150.6	-11.7%
<b>Property Crime</b>	<b>1,305.4</b>	<b>1,076.5</b>	<b>-17.5%</b>
Burglary	158.4	132.9	-16.1%
Larceny / Theft	881.8	766.0	-13.1%
Motor Vehicle Theft	255.6	167.4	-34.5%
Arson	9.6	10.1	+5.1%

Source: Colorado Bureau of Investigation (CBI), *Crime Statistics*, exported on December 31, 2025

Table 2. Colorado Violent & Property Crimes and Difference (January to June, 2024 and 2025)

Crime Type	2024	2025	Difference
<b>Violent Crime</b>	<b>15,403</b>	<b>13,352</b>	<b>-2,051</b>
Homicide	143	101	-42
Rape	3,138	2,803	-335
Robbery	1,849	1,373	-476
Aggravated Assault	10,273	9,075	-1,198
<b>Property Crime</b>	<b>78,672</b>	<b>64,876</b>	<b>-13,796</b>
Burglary	9,543	8,010	-1,533
Larceny / Theft	53,146	46,166	-6,980
Motor Vehicle Theft	15,403	10,091	-5,312
Arson	580	609	+29

Source: Colorado Bureau of Investigation (CBI), *Crime Statistics*, exported on December 31, 2025

## Crime Spotlight: Domestic Violence

According to the [National Domestic Violence Hotline](#), more than 1 out of 3 women (35.6%) and 1 out of 4 men (28.5%) have experienced some form of domestic violence (DV) or intimate partner violence (IPV) in the United States. From January to June 2025, 25.3% of aggravated assaults, and 14.9% of homicides were related to domestic violence. These percentages are similar to the 2024 data.

In 2024, organizations that support survivors of domestic violence in Colorado responded to more than 61,000 crisis intervention calls, provided shelter to more than 4,400 people, and offered help, safety planning, and general support to more than 16,000 individuals (Source: [Colorado Department of Human Services, 2025](#)).

## Domestic Violence Fatalities (DVF)

The [Colorado Domestic Violence Fatality Review Board \(CDVFRB\)](#) produces an annual report to examine DVF data from the previous years, identify trends, make policy recommendations, and honor those who died in a domestic violence-related incident. The key findings in the [2025 report](#), which examined DVF between 2021 and 2024, include:

- More than half of collateral fatalities (not the intended victim) were children, mainly during custody disputes.
- Four out of five DVF cases involved a firearm; notably, every child fatality in 2024 was caused by a firearm.
- At least half of the perpetrators in 2024 had a prior domestic violence related arrest or warrant.
- Rural counties experienced disproportionately higher rates of DVF per capita than urban areas.
- While statewide homicides decreased from 2023 to 2024, DVF increased.

In addition, the CDVFRB recommended law enforcement and policymakers provide stronger safeguards, such as:

- **Firearm Seizure:** Mandatory temporary firearm removal during domestic violence arrests.
- **Clarified Prohibitions:** Firearm bans for third-degree assault domestic violence convictions.
- **Resource Distribution:** Provide domestic violence support and resource materials even when no arrest is made.
- **Enhanced Reviews:** Expanded fatality reviews, including family and perpetrator interviews.

## Top 5 Jurisdictions: Violent & Property Crimes

Table 3. Top 5 Jurisdictions: Violent Crimes, Difference, and Percent Change (January to June, 2024 and 2025)

Jurisdiction	2024	2025	Difference	Percent Change
Colorado	15,403	13,352	-2,051	-13.3%
Denver PD	3,788	3,403	-385	-10.2%
Colorado Springs PD	1,962	1,932	-30	-1.5%
Aurora PD	1,950	1,622	-328	-16.8%
Lakewood PD	636	565	-71	-11.2%
Greeley PD	431	366	-65	-15.1%

Source: Colorado Bureau of Investigation (CBI), *Crime Statistics*, exported on December 31, 2025

Table 4. Top 5 Jurisdictions: Property Crimes, Difference, and Percent Change (January to June, 2024 and 2025)

Jurisdiction	2024	2025	Difference	Percent Change
Colorado	78,672	64,876	-13,796	-17.5%
Denver PD	16,229	14,803	-1,426	-8.8%
Colorado Springs PD	9,238	8,241	-997	-10.8%
Aurora PD	6,714	5,153	-1,561	-23.2%
Lakewood PD	3,995	3,496	-499	-12.5%
Thornton PD	2,084	1,736	-348	-16.7%

Source: Colorado Bureau of Investigation (CBI), *Crime Statistics*, exported on December 31, 2025