

# Colorado State Board of Parole

## Annual Report: FY 2025



**December 2025**

**Colorado State Board of Parole**

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## Colorado State Board of Parole Annual Report 2025

The Colorado State Board of Parole’s primary functions include: evaluating eligible offenders for consideration of release to parole supervision by the Division of Adult Parole<sup>1</sup>, setting parole conditions to mitigate criminogenic risk and to bolster success upon reentry into the community<sup>2</sup>, and presiding over revocation hearings for parolees who have violated the terms and conditions of their parole agreement<sup>3</sup>.

The Colorado State Board of Parole’s central focus, when considering release, is the risk of reoffending<sup>4</sup>, based on actuarial risk assessments<sup>5</sup>, and through a structured decision-making process<sup>6</sup>. The Parole Board believes people deserve to be treated with dignity and respect and have the ability to change with hard work and introspection. The Parole Board is committed to working collaboratively with other criminal justice stakeholders and is dedicated to delivering a high standard of service to our Colorado communities by being objective, fair-minded, and just.

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<sup>1</sup> §17-2-201(4)(a), C.R.S.

<sup>2</sup> §17-2-201(5)(f), C.R.S.

<sup>3</sup> §17-2-103, C.R.S., & 17-2-201(4)(b), C.R.S.

<sup>4</sup> §17-22.5-404(1)(a), C.R.S.

<sup>5</sup> §17-22.5-404(1)(b), C.R.S.

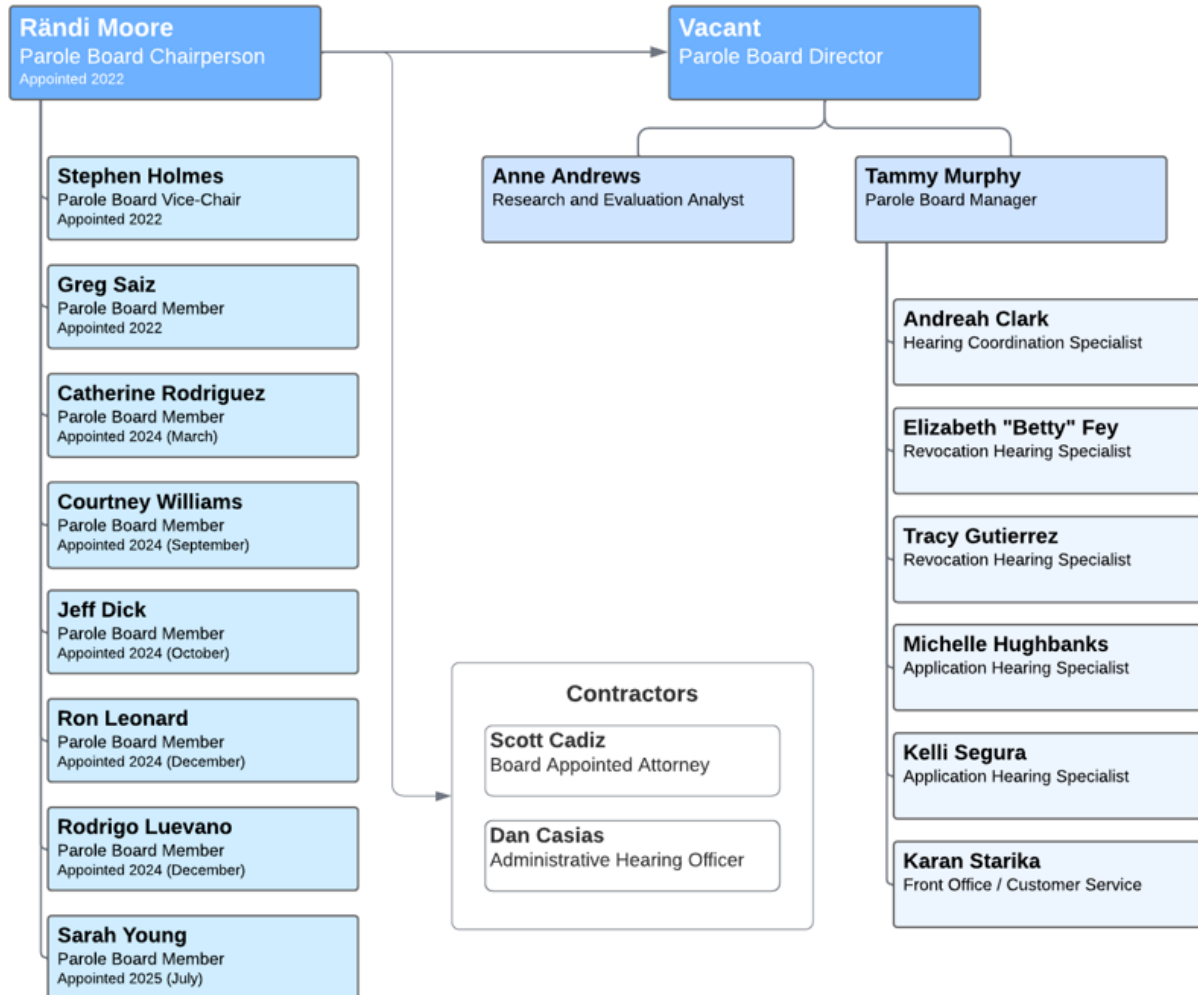
<sup>6</sup> §17-22.5-404(1)(c), & (d), C.R.S.

# CONTENTS

<b><i>PAROLE BOARD OPERATIONS:</i></b> .....	<b>4</b>
<b>Mission</b> .....	<b>5</b>
<b>Budget</b> .....	<b>5</b>
<b>Hearings</b> .....	<b>5</b>
<b><i>PAROLE BOARD REVIEW AND HEARING NUMBERS</i></b> .....	<b>6</b>
<b><i>THE PAROLE ELIGIBLE POPULATION</i></b> .....	<b>7</b>
<b><i>RISK AND READINESS ASSESSMENTS</i></b> .....	<b>7</b>
<b><i>INMATES CONVICTED OF SEX OFFENSES</i></b> .....	<b>9</b>
<b><i>INMATES WITH MENTAL ILLNESS</i></b> .....	<b>9</b>
<b><i>INMATES WITH SUBSTANCE ABUSE DISORDERS</i></b> .....	<b>9</b>
<b><i>CONDITIONAL DISCRETIONARY RELEASE STATUS</i></b> .....	<b>10</b>
<b><i>SPECIAL NEEDS PAROLE</i></b> .....	<b>10</b>
<b><i>THE REVOCATION PROCESS</i></b> .....	<b>10</b>
<b><i>RETURN TO PRISON</i></b> .....	<b>11</b>
<b><i>CONCLUSION</i></b> .....	<b>12</b>

## Parole Board Operations:

The Colorado State Board of Parole (“Parole Board”) consists of nine members who are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate<sup>7</sup>. Parole Board members serve three-year terms at the will of the Governor and may be re-appointed for more than one term.



*\*Parole Board structure as of August 18, 2025.*

During FY 2025, the Parole Board also utilized contract employees, including one (1) Administrative Hearing Officer<sup>8</sup> to conduct revocation hearings pursuant to 17-2-202.5, C.R.S. (2016) and one (1) defense attorney to represent parolees who are not competent to represent themselves during revocation hearings<sup>9</sup>.

<sup>7</sup> §17-2-201(1)(a), C.R.S.

<sup>8</sup> §17-2-201(3)(h), C.R.S. & §17-2-202.5(1), C.R.S.

To contact the Parole Board please call (719) 583-5800 or write to us at:

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### ***Mission***

The mission of the Parole Board is to increase public safety by evaluating an individual’s potential for successful reintegration to the community through the use of innovative evidence-informed practices.

### ***Budget***

The following illustrates appropriations made to the Parole Board from FY2021 through FY 2025:

	<b>2020-21</b>	<b>2021-22</b>	<b>2022-23</b>	<b>2024-25</b>	<b>2025-26</b>
<b>Personnel Services</b>	\$2,022,485	\$2,144,536	\$2,205,611	\$2,690,882	\$2,794,349
<b>Operating Expenses</b>	\$120,620	\$114,090	\$107,890	\$107,890	\$107,890
<b>Contract Services</b>	\$272,437	\$272,437	\$242,437	\$242,437	\$242,437
<b>Start- up Costs</b>					
<b>Training Contract</b>	\$24,999				
<b>Total</b>	\$2,440,541	\$2,531,063	\$2,555,938	\$3,041,209	\$2,902,239

### ***Hearings***

The Parole Board is responsible for conducting several types of hearings and reviews with inmates and parolees who are housed and supervised by the Colorado Department of Corrections (CDOC). The primary types of hearings include:

- Application Hearings – when an inmate has reached their Parole Eligibility Date (PED) and would like to be considered for the opportunity of release onto discretionary parole prior to their Mandatory Release Date (MRD).
- Rescission Hearings – when an inmate has been given a parole release date but an issue has arisen that requires the Parole Board to consider revising the original decision.
- Revocation Hearings – when a parolee has allegedly violated the conditions of their parole and is at risk of re-incarceration.

In addition to conducting hearings daily, Parole Board members engage in several different types of reviews including Full Board Reviews, secondary reviews of their colleague's rulings, early parole discharge requests submitted by the CDOC's Division of Adult Parole, and review Special Needs Parole (SNP) applications. The Parole Board also reviews warrant requests submitted by the CDOC's Division of Adult Parole and supports various criminal justice efforts as members of various committees and work groups when they are not engaged in their primary duties or tending to their professional development.

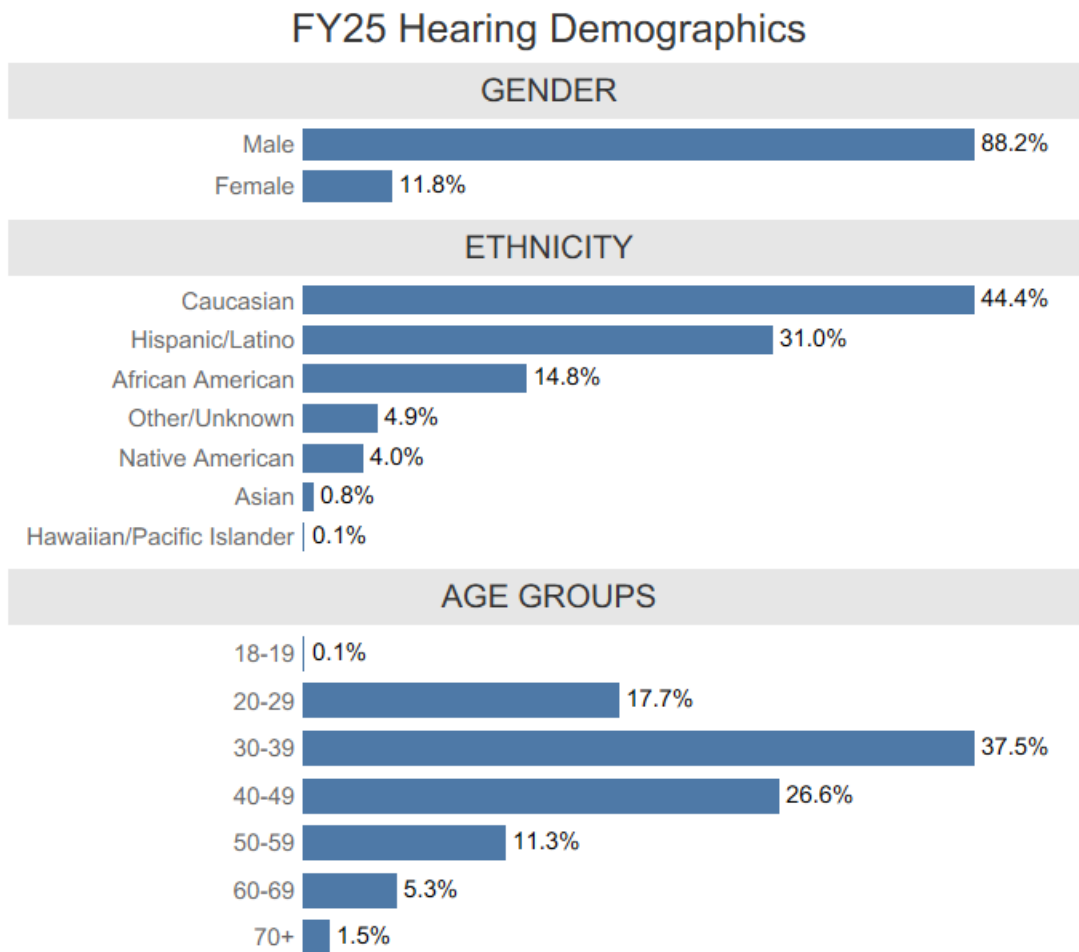
## **Parole Board Review and Hearing Numbers**

The Parole Board conducts a wide variety of hearings and reviews. During FY2025, the Parole Board conducted the following:

- 10,944 application hearings for parole, which included:
  - 7,524 Video/Phone/In-Person application hearings
  - 1,531 File Reviews
  - 1,088 hearings conducted for inmates who either refused to attend or were unable to attend the hearings (moved prior to the hearings to another facility or medical facility, were in court or jail, were on fugitive inmate status, etc.)
  - 550 administrative hearings conducted by our office for individuals who submitted hearing waivers or needed to have their hearing date changed.
- 995 Full Board reviews
- 141 Rescission hearings
- 2,029 Revocation hearings
- 35 Special needs parole hearings
- 23 Interstate parole probable cause hearings
- 102 Reduction of sex offender supervision level requests reviews
- 1,992 Arrest warrants issued

# The Parole Eligible Population

The demographic breakdown of individuals considered for discretionary release to parole in FY2025 is as follows:

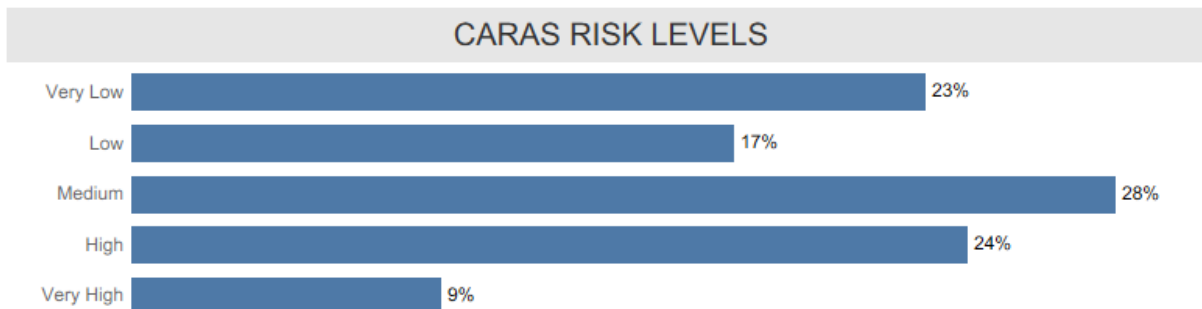


Data includes demographic information reported to the Colorado Department of Corrections by those individuals who had a completed parole application hearing by the Colorado State Board of Parole during FY 2025.

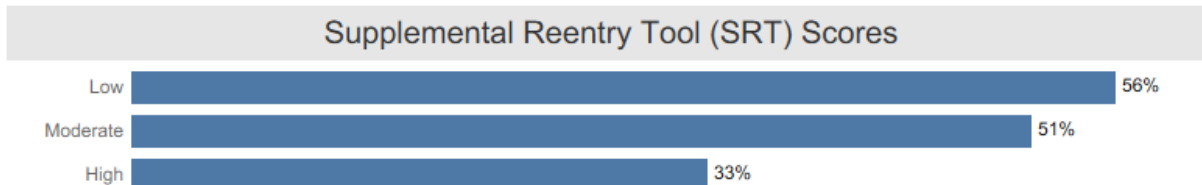
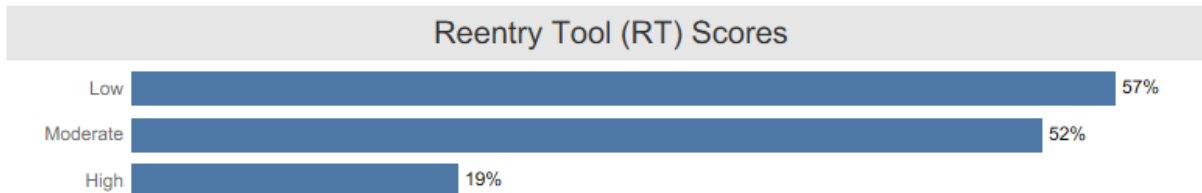
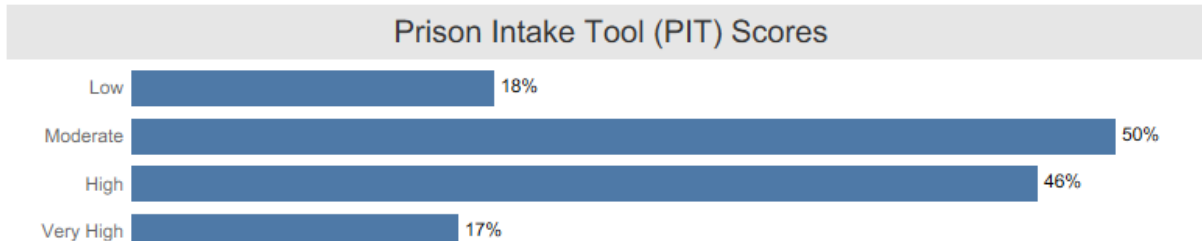
## Risk and Readiness Assessments

The Parole Board considers all available risk and readiness assessments in the review of inmates for discretionary release: The Colorado Actuarial Risk Assessment Scale (CARAS) and the Colorado Transitional Accountability Plan (CTAP) suite of assessments are typically available for review by the Parole Board. The CARAS is a static risk assessment, meaning the score is unlikely to change but can get higher throughout someone’s lifetime. Due to its static nature, the CTAP assessments are also considered, as they are dynamic risk assessments that can change over time through intervention, treatment, etc. The CTAP assessments are completed throughout an individual’s stay in prison.

The CARAS is currently the main component of the Parole Board Release Guideline Instrument (PBRGI), a structured decision-making tool that provides recommendations to Parole Board members regarding a denial or release from prison. The CARAS has five risk domains: very low, low, medium, high, and very high. The breakdown of risk by CARAS risk scores for the inmates seen by the Parole Board in FY2025 for application hearings is provided below:



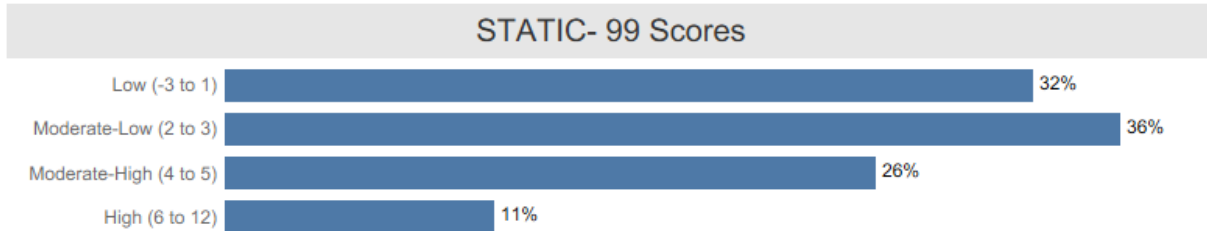
There are three CTAP assessments that can be completed for individuals while in CDOC. The Prison Intake Tool (PIT) is completed upon entry into prison. The Supplemental Reentry Tool (SRT) is completed every year for the first four years of incarceration and the Reentry Tool (RT) is completed every year from the fourth year of incarceration and beyond. CTAP assessments categorize individuals into low, medium, high, or very high-risk categories, the breakdown for the inmates seen by the Parole Board in FY2025 for application hearings is below:



There are a number of specialized populations within the CDOC that require special training and attention by Parole Board members. The following is a discussion of individuals who were seen for an application hearing in FY2025 who are considered to fall within a specialized population.

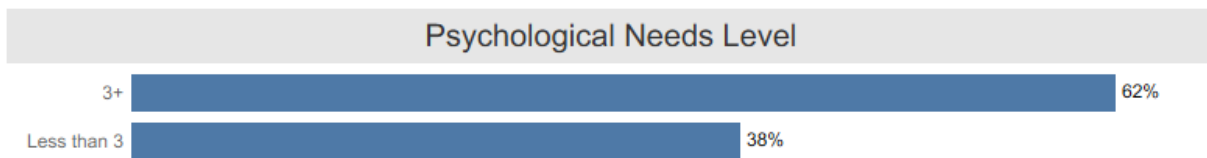
## Inmates Convicted of Sex Offenses

Regarding those convicted of a sex offense, the STATIC-99 assessment provides overall risk scores of the inmate, on what their likelihood is to commit another sex offense. When scores are available, this tool is utilized and combined with an additional dynamic risk score for individuals.



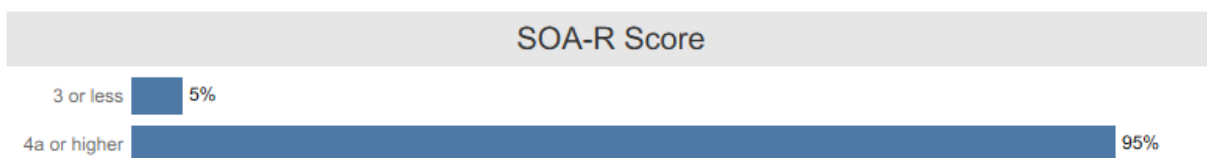
## Inmates with Mental Illness

The Parole Board recognizes the challenges of those living with mental health issues. The CDOC provides a psychological code (P code) to identify the level of need regarding the mental health population which then allows the Parole Board to appropriately condition inmates to increase resource availability once on parole. Parole Board members work collaboratively with the CDOC's case management staff to help support release.



## Inmates with Substance Abuse Disorders

All individuals are assessed using the Standardized Offender Assessment – Revised (SOA-R) in CDOC. Individuals who score at a level 4a or higher are considered as needing a more intensive level of substance abuse treatment. The CDOC provides substance abuse treatment at different levels of intensity and Parole Board members encourage participation. If necessary, additional treatment in the community may be ordered as a condition of parole.



## **Conditional Discretionary Release Status**

Individuals can be placed on conditional discretionary release (CDR), or “tabled”, status to ensure that their release occurs once they have met certain criteria. The most common reasons for being placed on CDR status, as opposed to being provided with a release date, are:

- The individual is in a program and still needs time to finish the program.
- The individual does not have a place to parole to and needs time to connect with reentry services.
- The individual has been accepted to a program and is waiting on bed availability.
- The individual is already in community corrections and will be paroled upon completion of the program.
- The individual is in need of assisted living or hospice care and more time is needed to find an available bed.

## **Special Needs Parole**

§C.R.S. 17-22.5-403.5 defines the procedures involved in a special needs parole application and Parole Board hearing review process for eligible individuals. When an inmate has a mental health or medical diagnosis that warrants consideration for early release on parole, the CDOC will submit an application to the Parole Board for review. This review request can be initiated by the individual inmate themselves, their case manager, or the CDOC medical team. All applications are vetted by the CDOC medical team and a recommendation is provided. In FY2025, the Parole Board conducted 35 special needs reviews for individuals that were recommended for release by the CDOC team. A total of 17 individuals were placed on CDR (“tabled”) pending an approved parole plan in FY2025. Of the 17 individuals placed on CDR status, seven (7) have been released to parole, seven (7) remain on CDR status pending an approved parole plan, and three (3) individual deceased while awaiting an approved parole plan.

## **The Revocation Process**

When individuals have alleged to have violated the conditions of their parole the Division of Adult Parole can bring them before the Parole Board for a revocation hearing. Below is a breakdown of the outcomes of revocation hearing conducted in FY2025:

## FY2025 Finalized Revocation Hearing Outcomes

### Revoked vs Continued

Continued on Parole	137	11%
Parole Revoked	1,163	89%

### Reason for Revocation

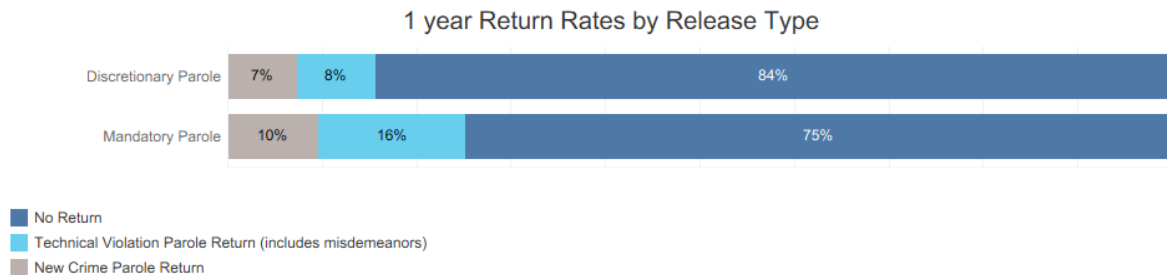
Revocation for new felony charge(s)	86	7%
Revocation for felony and misdemeanor charge(s)	39	3%
Revocation for new misdemeanor charge(s)	448	38%
Technical Violation Revocation for Absconding	374	32%
Other Technical Violation only***	200	17%
Other revocation type	27	2%

**\*Does not include continuance hearings or self-revocation request decisions.**

**\*\*Other Technical Violations Only category includes inmates returned for termination from sex offender treatment, weapons violation(s), and/or contacting a victim under a protection order.**

## Return to Prison

Return rates differ depending on an inmate’s type of release. Those released discretionarily historically have lower return to prison rates than those who are released on mandatory parole. The following charts displays the numbers of those released in calendar year 2023 by discretionary releases and mandatory releases. The individuals included in the “no return” groups remained on parole status after 1 year of supervision.



## **Conclusion**

The Parole Board is dedicated to increasing public safety by leveraging relevant research, actuarial assessments, and structured decision making. Utilizing these tools in concert, the Parole Board is able to maximize the potential of releasing the right people, at the right time, and ensuring they have the right support.



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